

Guided Reading Activity



Western Europe

Lesson 2 *History of Western Europe*

Essential Question: Why do civilizations rise and fall?

History of the Region Through 1800

Directions: Use your textbook to decide if each statement is true or false. Write *T* or *F* in the blank. If a statement is false, rewrite it correctly.

_____ 1. As the population of Western Europe grew and towns developed, people began to make tools from bronze.

_____ 2. By A.D. 14, all of Western Europe was under Roman control.

_____ 3. Christianity began in the Empire and had spread throughout most of Western Europe by the time the western empire fell in A.D. 476.

_____ 4. Feudalism arose to bring order in a region with no strong governments.

_____ 5. The crusades were fights between European kings and noblemen who didn't agree about religion.

_____ 6. Some crusaders returned home with new ideas about a more modern world they had seen in the east.

_____ 7. In the 1500s, some people, like Martin Luther, started to question the power and wealth of the Roman Catholic Church.

Guided Reading Activity *cont.*



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_____ 8. The Enlightenment was a time when people began to rely on religion to explain the natural world.

_____ 9. In the late 1700s, everyone in France believed that the government's power should come from the people, not the king.

_____ 10. In 1799 Napoleon Bonaparte took control of France and used his army to bring much of Europe under French control.

Change and Conflict

Directions: Answer the following questions about key events in Western Europe during the 1800s and 1900s.

1. What big change took place in Western Europe in the 1800s? _____

2. What factors led to World War I? _____

3. What did Hitler use to build power during the time between World War I and World War II? _____

4. What was the Holocaust? _____

5. Who were the leading world powers following World War II? _____
